

RESERVOIR CASE STUDY SPECTRAL RESERVOIR FLOW [SPEC-RFA*]

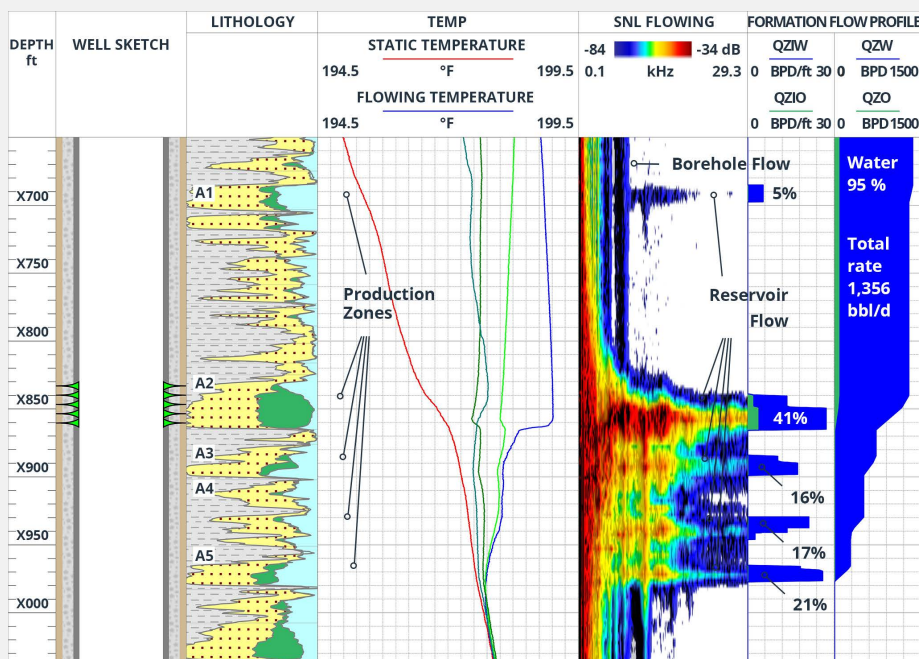
Challenge

Openhole logging data showed that the producing interval of a newly drilled, highly deviated well was oil-saturated. However, once completed and put on production, the well started to produce oil with >90% water cut. The operator needed to find out why.

Solution

To find the source of the excess water production, the operator selected TGT's spectral reservoir flow analysis [SPEC-RFA] technology, which would be focused on the target formation and the water-saturated layers above and below. The SPEC-RFA survey established that there was communication with the water-bearing zones below and above the perforated zone through possible weak cement bonds, and from the contribution of the fracture network.

Spectral diagnostics help to eliminate a 95% water cut from a newly completed oil well.



The SPEC-RFA survey indicates water migrating behind casing from the under- and overlying reservoirs. This application of TGT's spectral reservoir technology combines high-precision temperature [HPT*] and high-definition spectral noise [SNL-HD*] surveys to reveal reservoir flow regimes behind pipe.

Outcome

The operator reduced the total water production by squeezing cement to isolate the communication..